

## WAR BEING WAGED, BUT DIPLOMATS ARE STILL HOPEFUL

(Continued From First Page.)

great battle at Ovtchepolye. The Serbians captured 2,000 prisoners and 300 guns from the Bulgarians, whose casualties exceeded the Serbians. Sixty of the prisoners were officers.

That very heavy fighting occurred is confirmed by the arrival of 2,000 wounded at Belgrade.

Official reports issued at Athens claim the capture of Guevghell and Kilikish after severe fighting under heavy losses. It is added that Bulgarian prisoners declare that the Bulgarians are preparing to attack Saloniki.

Predicts General War.  
[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] London, July 3.—Gleadow Mladivitch, former Serbian minister to London, in an article to the Budget, to be published Sunday, prophesies a general European war as a result of the new Balkan outbreak. The article is as follows:

"It will be a real miracle of providence if war, even at the twelfth hour, could be prevented. My impression is that it is too late, and that it is impossible to prevent it."

"By far the greatest responsibility is with the six great powers. To me it is perfectly clear that if the great powers were united in their wish to prevent a general European war, they could do it without difficulty. That they have not been united so far naturally raises a suspicion that at least some of them do not sincerely wish to prevent it. Further developments are likely to prove this theory."

"What I wish to impress upon the readers is the fact that strife between the Bulgarians, the Greeks and the Serbians about Macedonia, is an old strife which was only suspended during the war with Turkey. Another important fact which ought to be known is that the Balkan alliance was born on the initiative, by the intervention and by the guidance of Russia. Russian diplomacy seems to have said to the statesmen in Belgrade, Sofia and Athens, 'by your disunion and discord you have enabled the Turks to conquer your countries. It is stupid and criminal to continue your strife to this day. Better unite to drive away the Turks from Macedonia and afterward you will come to terms concerning the partition of the conquest.'"

Mladivitch concludes his article thus: "Very grave developments are looming on the European horizon, and it will again be a miracle if the new Balkan war does not speedily and inevitably lead to a general European war."

Servin to Declare War.  
London, July 3.—War is to be declared by Servia against Bulgaria at Uskup, for which place King Peter has just issued a proclamation, according to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The proclamation will state that Servia has been provoked by Bulgaria to declare war.

Troops Ordered Mobilized.  
Bucharest, Roumania, July 3.—King Carol of Roumania ordered the general mobilization of the Roumanian army to-day.

Greeks Are Victorious.  
Saloniki, July 3.—The battle between the Greek and Bulgarian troops, which began Wednesday, resulted in a complete victory for the Greeks, according to official reports. The Greek artillery silenced the Bulgarian guns and the Greek infantry then placed the Bulgarian lines at Dauli.

The Bulgarian troops were eventually driven away from the plain of Kilikish.

Bulgarians Defeated.  
Belgrade, July 3.—Serbian reports of the fighting Tuesday between the Bulgarian and the Serbian armies state that the Bulgarians abandoned several entire batteries of field guns, many rifles and machine guns.

One thousand Bulgarian prisoners are said to have been taken by the Serbians, who declare that the Bulgarians lost 800 dead and 1,800 wounded.

Casualties Are Heavy.  
Geneva, Switzerland, July 3.—The casualties during the fighting in Macedonia between the Serbians and Bulgarians have been much heavier than the published figures would indicate, according to the Serbian Red Cross Society. The society telegraphed the day to the Swiss Red Cross Society asking it to dispatch doctors and nurses to the scene of hostilities.

The society reported that 3,000 wounded had been already brought from the front, and that fighting continued.

Accounts Conflicting.  
London, July 3.—Accounts of the fighting between the Serbian and Bulgarian allies in Macedonia coming from the various capitals of the nations concerned are very conflicting.

The Serbians and Greeks are issuing substantial reports of the defeat of the Bulgarian troops, while the latter state just as emphatically that they are advancing toward Saloniki, which is in possession of the Greeks, and at the same time against the Serbians along the whole line.

## THE INVALID'S DRINK

Doctors prescribe Radio-Active Fonticello for convalescents—and in many other treatments—because it is so palatable, rapidly assimilated and highly beneficial.

**RADIO ACTIVE**

# Fonticello Mineral Water

is the ideal drink for those whose work is more or less sedentary. It is welcomed on all occasions.

Drink NINE glasses daily and enjoy increased health.

Your druggist has Fonticello. Ask him for it.

## "Berry's for Clothes"



Open To-Day Until  
1 o'clock

to serve you with clothing of a tropical nature—from hats to shoes.

For man or boy.  
Trunks, bags and cases to go away in, also.

**C. K. Derrigle**

## MANN AND TENER HOLD RECEPTION

(Continued From First Page.)

reception, Governor Mann said that he did not know who the Virginians loved the most to-day, Governor Tener or Virginia's Governor. Governor Tener has endeavored himself to all Southerners and Virginians especially by the work and untiring energy he has exerted to make this reunion the success that it has attained.

With Governor Mann, as a member of his staff, was Colonel W. B. Freeman, a veteran of the war, and a man on whom General Lee put much confidence. Colonel Freeman was adjutant-general under General Robert E. Lee during the war. There is no one quite so proud of Virginia and her men as Colonel Freeman, he said to-day that he was more proud of the North and the South as they stand today than he ever hoped to be of anything in the world.

Colonel Leady, of Virginia, and Colonel Burns, of New Jersey, were also with the Governor at the reception. Each in the uniform they loved, one the blue, the other the gray. There were tears in the eyes of each as he took the hand of the other. The Governor said that he had known and fought with these veterans, but he had never known them in hand, and he took the hand of each of them. He said that he was proud of the North and the South as they stand today, and he hoped to be of anything in the world.

One Virginian read some of the figures of a few of the regiments, that the young men of to-day might know a little of how the men fought in '63 and died for the cause. The Twenty-sixth North Carolina lost 720 men out of 800, and the Twenty-fourth Michigan 400 out of 497. Company F lost every man and every officer.

A good many of the Virginians were taken to see the moving picture of the battle, which are in town this week. When Pickett's men made their famous charge, the Confederates were lined up at Bloody Angle to reform their ranks, as the places of the dead were filled, the veterans who made that charge silently wept and were proud of those tears.

## JACK SULLIVAN WINS ON POINTS

Buffalo, N. Y., July 3.—Jack (Twins) Sullivan outpointed Barney Williams in a fast ten-round bout here to-night. The old ten knew too much for the Quaker boxer, and felled him into many openings, which Jack took full advantage of. There were no knock-downs and little blood spilled.

Your Ahaard, the dancing master, knocked out Soldier Balford in eight rounds, and Tommy Brennan and Willie Houck drew in a ferocious ten-round bout, the best of the night.

**Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA**

## CAMP AT GETTYSBURG IS FULL OF ODDITIES

Veterans Strangely Given to  
Losing Crutches, Wooden  
Legs and Teeth.

Gettysburg, Pa., July 3.—One of the most interesting places in camp is the Lost and Found Bureau, located under the benches in the big tent. Every thing found on the grounds is brought there, and thousands apply every day for missing articles. In the last two days a miscellaneous collection of oddities has been piling up unclaimed.

Strange to say, crutches seem to be the most lovable of all the veterans' possessions. There are at least a hundred piled up in the bureau with only a dozen or so applicants for them. Those who come to redeem their lost crutches seldom can recognize them, and most of them go away with somebody else's.

There is one wooden leg also lying unclaimed. It was brought in by a Scout, who had found it under a tree. It is believed that an old soldier, lying under the tree, had unhooked his stump for comfort and had been overcome by the heat and carried to a hospital. This is the only plausible explanation for its failure to ask for it.

Several sets of false teeth have been found, and are lying on a plank, awaiting identification. A Vermont veteran came in yesterday seeking for his teeth, which he had removed from his pocket after he had removed them for comfort. He looked over the collection, but could not identify any set as his. He wanted them, however, so as to establish his right to pension, but his request was refused.

A real old-fashioned Southern camp-meeting was held at Gettysburg, Pa., in a big grove back of Seminary Ridge, July 2, 2,000 ex-Confederates gathered and gave a most entertaining exhibition of the things done in their section of the country since the war. Other chaplains addressed the large scores were led to the mourners' bench, there was shouting, singing and loud cheering, and everything was like a camp-meeting, "It's a good camp-meeting," observed an old gray coat, "but it ain't like life. There's no more of that, and religion ain't complete without women."

So complete is this camp in its picture of every phase of war life that even the Signal Corps of the Grand Army is represented. There are eighty-one members of the old Signal Corps encamped near the big tent, where all the large functions are held. The old signalmen tell many interesting stories of the war—not of bloody battles, but of the messages of peace, of intercepted code messages and of strange methods used to transfer information from point to point.

Confederate signalmen drifted into their camp, and the old enemies began to swap stories. It seems that a great part of many Federal victories was due to the Union knowledge of the enemy's movements, gained by the vigilance of the Union signalmen. The old Confederate commented upon the fact that the Yankees seemed always able to read the code of their camp, and the old enemies began to swap stories. It seems that a great part of many Federal victories was due to the Union knowledge of the enemy's movements, gained by the vigilance of the Union signalmen.

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There are 300 Union survivors of the Signal Corps of the Civil War, all belonging to a nation-wide organization known as the Civil War Signal Corps. The Confederates, however, are not organized, veterans of this branch of the service being scattered through the Southern camp.

One long street in this camp is devoted entirely to negro soldiers. They are treated just like the white men, and have been having a great time. Every evening they get out in their street, tune up a band and begin to sing all the old plantation melodies. There is always a crowd of white men.

The commission made arrangements for the Union negroes, forgetting that some darkies fought well in the Confederate army. A few of these came here and found no place. The Union given straw beds in the big tent, and were found there by a group of Tennessee Confederates. When the South-landers found out who the negroes were they took them into their camp, set aside a tent for them, and in every way displayed their gratitude to the old slaves.

Horrorism is blasted. It is a delusion and a snare. All the old veterans, "Yank" and "Reb" say. Around every camp-fire every night the great part of the talk is about fear. There's not a man in camp, apparently almost, who does not admit that he was scared to death every time he went into battle or set out on a march, the destination of which he was ignorant of. All this talk about veterans bragging that they were not scared, that they were always ready to die of fright. Hearing them talk would excite wonder as to how a single battle ever happened to continue after the first volley.

One of Pickett's men, who charged over this field on which the camp is located and took a part in the most terrible slaughter of the war, said every man of the celebrated division, whose heroism has excited universal admiration, was badly frightened when ordered to charge the Union line. "If he says he wasn't afraid," he observed, "the truth is in him."

Similar testimony was given by Luther Ferris, of the One Hundred and Seventy-ninth New York, who said:

"When I went to war my old aunt said she would pray for me every day. I said, 'Aunt, you pray and I'll dodge, and about the way I'll come back alive.' I don't know whether she prayed, but I dodged, and here I am. Every man dodges, and if he says he doesn't, he's a braggart."

This camp is full of unexpected meetings. Every day brings forth a hundred reunions between men who have not seen one another for many years. Many are commonplace, but some are extraordinary. For instance, here is one:

I. D. Munsee, of Erie County, Pa., a soldier in the One Hundred and Eleventh Pennsylvania, met a Confederate at Reach Tree Creek, Ga., July 26, 1864, when he was one of Sherman's army on the celebrated march to the sea. He was being conveyed to the rear by a Confederate soldier when the Union batteries opened fire upon the party among whom he was a prisoner. The man who was guarding Munsee was hit and fell, knocking Munsee down and lying on top of him. The Confederate's blood poured over Munsee and blinded him. Seeing his chance of escape, he lay very still under the unconscious Con-

federate, while the battle raged around them. That night he slipped from under the body and escaped to the Union lines.

"I thought that fellow was dead," said Munsee, "but he wasn't. Poor fellow, his mind's bad, and he didn't recognize me, but I was sure of him. I couldn't even get his name, but I'm going over later to the Georgia camp and try to find out who he is."

## SOLDIERS IN GRAY MAKE INSALIGHT ON BLUE BROTHERS

(Continued From First Page.)

the battlefield camp to-day, for thousands of others went to hand-to-day. They began parading the camp to-day. On both sides of Confederate Avenue the tents were still alive with veterans, and the lines before the cook tents did not seem to the cooks to have lost an inch.

The veterans acted to-day like a lot of schoolboys whose vacation is only a few days away. Long before sun up they began parading the camp to-day. On both sides of Confederate Avenue the tents were still alive with veterans, and the lines before the cook tents did not seem to the cooks to have lost an inch.

Many of the men who expect to leave to-morrow paid their farewell calls to-day on the men of the other army they have come to know.

In the days they have been here the feeling was the best. There was no doubt in the minds of those who saw so far as these men who have gathered here, that the war has ceased to be a source of hatred and rancor.

At a meeting of Confederates the following resolutions were unanimously adopted: "Resolved, by the ex-Confederates at Gettysburg assembled, that our thanks are due, and are hereby tendered, to the Senate of Pennsylvania for initiating the movement for a monument which shall stand as the symbol of American valor, manhood and brotherhood."

"Resolved, That we thank the government of the United States for the magnificent and munificent manner in which it has seconded the efforts of the State of Pennsylvania in carrying out this great work of peace and fraternity between the North and the South, and without any self-abasement whatsoever, we desire to reaffirm and pledge not only ourselves, but all our brother ex-Confederates, and all the people of our loved Southern States, to the utmost loyalty to the government of the United States and to the flag of our country."

Flower of Chivalry Failed.  
"Resolved, That we take pride in the fact that the United States Government is due the credit of demonstrating the utter impossibility of the dismemberment of the Union. When we consider that 600,000 men of the very best of our race, who were killed, were ever organized in a fighting force, and directed by such commanders as our beloved Robert E. Lee and his lieutenants, inspired by a sectional devotion such as has never elsewhere been known in history, failed to separate the States, we see that the demonstration was complete, that the thing was done, and our failure must give pause to those who in the future would contemplate such an undertaking."

Veterans continue to wend their way toward in large numbers. To-day special trains were sent each way, and sent out at intervals at filled with the old men, who had satisfied their desire to once again visit the scene of battle and were ready to go to their homes.

Hundreds of other veterans are still arriving, however, for the Independence Day exercises to-morrow.

Death of Eight Veterans.  
The number of veterans who have died at the reunion was increased to eight to-day, when George Walls, of Lewisburg, Pa., sixty-nine years old, succumbed in the field hospital. Death was due to uremia.

## HEARSE STRUCK BY AUTOMOBILE

(Continued From First Page.)

to offices are closed to-day. Mr. Washer mentioned the fact that 294 this year is a Richmond car, as he happened to see it the other day, and it attracted his attention because it was the same model that he had in 1912. Car No. 371 was also in the last year in the name of Louis Washer.

## WIRE TAPPERS INDICTED

They Are Held for Taking Money From  
Carrollian.  
New York, July 3.—John Jones and George Harris, also known as George Hobart, who were arrested charged with taking \$700 in cash and \$10,000 from Baxter Davis, of North Carolina, on a fake scheme to beat the wire tappers.

The men were indicted while awaiting a hearing in court. In the meantime, Harris, of Hobart, has been identified by J. Arthur Powell, of Clinton, S. C., as a man who had swindled him, and against whom warrants are out in Baltimore.

Hobart was arrested again as he left the door one day, and was taken into a taxicab. He was held for extradition.

## IN MEMORIAM

LUCK.—In loving memory of our dear son, BENNIE LUCK, who was killed two years ago to-day, July 4, 1911.

God called him home, it was His will, but in our hearts we love him still. His memory is as dear to-day as in the hour he passed away.

Time flies, but never will it bring The dear one back to me again. How often I sigh for you in deepest gloom.

Thou art my mind will ever see, Forgotten thou shalt never be. MOTHER, FATHER AND BROTHER.

Let us mail you The Times-Dispatch while on your vacation.

Phone Monroe 1 or call at the Circulation Department of The Times-Dispatch.

## Healthy Hair, Free From Dandruff

Try Parisian Sage. It makes dull, harsh, unattractive hair soft—abundant and radiant with life. Unusually matted, scraggy hair is a sign of neglect—of dandruff, the hair destroyer.

Parisian Sage is a scientific preparation. Absolutely harmless, based on a thorough knowledge of what is needed to cleanse the scalp and hair—keeping them perfectly healthy—stop scalp itching and falling hair, and make hair grow. It supplies hair needs.

Parisian Sage is a tea-colored liquid, delicately perfumed—not sticky or greasy—that comes in a fifty-cent bottle at drugstore and toilet counters. Get a bottle to-day—pour a little on a sponge or cloth and rub lightly over the hair, taking a small strand at a time—rub it into the scalp. Presto! the dandruff disappears.

Parisian Sage is free from dust and excessive oil and is doubly beautiful. Try it today! It will not only save your hair and make it grow, but give it that incomparable gloss and beauty you desire.

Be sure you get Parisian Sage. Recommended and sold by Tragle Drug Co.—Advertisement.

## GOVERNMENT MAY ADOPT NEW POLICY

(Continued From First Page.)

engaged in river improvement work for the government. He proposed to take all the water power the government might develop at Mussel Shoals for a period of 100 years, for \$6,250,000, and to give a bond of \$500,000 to carry out the contract.

The United States Hydro-Electric Power Company offered to contribute \$3,000,000 towards the construction of the government dams and locks and in addition to pay \$250,000 a year for 100 years for water power.

## LIGHTNING STRIKES BOY, KILLING HIM INSTANTLY

Lynchburg, Va., July 3.—The fourteen-year-old son of Samuel Moyer, a farmer living near Adial, in the northern part of Nelson County, was killed by lightning late yesterday afternoon. The lad was but a short distance from his home when he was killed. He was hurrying home in advance of an approaching storm when a bolt of lightning struck a nearby locust tree, the boy being close enough to be killed instantly.

## SHE WANTED TO BE MARRIED AT ONCE

(Continued From First Page.)

take place yesterday, it was discovered that the wedding ring was missing. Again Mr. Widowski went to the rescue and found a friend nearby who obligingly loaned a gold band for the occasion. The couple were delighted when they found the owner of the ring was named "Always Luck," which, translated, means "always lucky."

The reception given at the home of Herr Saenger to-night was attended by a large number of friends of the bride, as well as many musicians who are in town.

## The Vest Pocket Safeguard.

Costs 10c. A remedy for all kinds of summer cramps. Guard against hot weather ills. Guard against the after-effects of indulgence in eating or drinking.

## DIAGRAMP

Three doses in separate bottles, in an enameled metal vest-pocket container; is a sure remedy; easy to carry, easy to take; quick, safe, handy.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

## Grass Widowers' Monday Train

Staunton to Richmond

C. & O.

will operate Grass Widowers' Special Train from Staunton to Richmond on Monday mornings, effective Monday, July 7th.

Train will leave Staunton 5:30 A. M., arriving Richmond 9:55 A. M., making stops at stations between Staunton and Charlottesville to take on passengers, and at scheduled stop points of No. 44 east of Charlottesville.

Week-end tickets sold at reduced rates on Saturday, good until the Monday following.—Advertisement.

## Every Sunday Excursions

VIA  
**N&W  
N.Y.**

The No-Change-of-Cars Route.

**\$1.50 ROUND TRIP**

TO  
**NORFOLK**

AND  
**OCEAN VIEW**

**\$1.05 ROUND TRIP TO  
VIRGINIA BEACH | CAPE HENRY**

CHOICE OF TWO FAST TRAINS.

The Special leaves Richmond 8:10 A. M.; leaves Norfolk 7:40 P. M. Carries through coach without change between Richmond and Virginia Beach.

The Cannon Ball leaves Richmond 9:00 A. M.; leaves Norfolk 4:15 P. M. Fast Electric Cars Give Quick and Frequent Service between Norfolk and Ocean View.

Tickets good on special train leaving Richmond 8:10 A. M. and leaving Norfolk 7:40 P. M. Also good (from and to Richmond) on the Cannon Ball, leaving Richmond 9 A. M. and leaving Norfolk 4:15 P. M.

WEEK-END RATES: Norfolk, \$3.00; Virginia Beach, \$3.25. On sale Friday and Saturdays. Limit Monday following.

## TAX ON ESTATE WILL BE \$4,000,000

Attorney for State Controller  
Says J. Pierpont Morgan Was  
Worth \$100,000,000.

New York, July 3.—Thomas E. Rush, attorney for the State Controller in tax transfer matters, returned yesterday from Europe on the White Star liner Olympic, accompanied by Henry A. Miller, of 2 Rector Street, and I. C. Fox, Jr., who is one of the lawyers who appears regularly in hearings on appraisals at the Controller's New York office. Mr. Rush said he had nothing to add to the European statements that he believed the entire estate of J. P. Morgan would total \$100,000,000, which the State of New York would collect a \$4,000,000 inheritance tax, the largest in the history of U. S. taxes.

Mr. Rush said he would make his public statement of the estate's value at the office of the State Controller in Albany, now in charge of Acting Controller Michael J. Vahlsing. It was reported in transfer tax circles yesterday that Controller William Scherer, who is in Europe for his health, continued to be very ill. Expectations of the date of his recovery have been repeatedly postponed.

When the Olympic docked Mr. Rush said he would not be able to discuss what he had seen in Europe, because of the recorded intention of the Controller's office to appoint special counsel on the matter of the Morgan appraisal. Mr. Vahlsing, who is designated as yet an appraiser before the hearings on the appraisal may be held.

There were persistent rumors yesterday that State Senator Robert F. Wagner would resign as Acting Controller Walsh to represent the State in the hearings on the Morgan appraisal. These rumors were probably in the fall of the year. Quinn, whose handling of the Astor of nearly \$15,000,000, resulted in an increase of value of the Astor realty over its former valuation for city taxation, has also been mentioned as possibly as possible counsel for the State Controller in appraising the Morgan estate.

Mr. Rush said yesterday that one of the results of his trip abroad was to familiarize himself with the recently estate with a view to its forthcoming appraisal. He expressed some astonishment that the State Controller's office had put itself on record that special counsel in the estate was not needed. Mr. Rush said he could not speak about his trip in Europe until he had consulted with the Controller's office.

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## OBITUARY

Funeral of John Pollard Cox.  
The funeral of John Pollard Cox, who was drowned while on a house fire at the home of H. R. Pollard, Jr., in Loudoun County, will take place at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon at the home of his aunt, Mrs. G. H. Harvey, 1812 Hanover Avenue. Mr. Cox, 1812 Hanover Avenue, was the young man, who formerly made his home in Richmond, will arrive this morning from a nearby locality. The funeral will be conducted by Rev. E. D. Pollard, of Crozier Theological Seminary, arrived here from a nearby locality. The funeral will be conducted by Rev. E. D. Pollard, of Crozier Theological Seminary, arrived here from a nearby locality.

Funeral of Mrs. Ernest Long.  
The funeral of Mrs. Ernest Long, Hill Montague, Rockwell Pollard Thomas, Pollard, John Babcock, Grey, Thomas, and at scheduled stop points of No. 44 east of Charlottesville.

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